

# **BHC-MSS 0234**

# Guide to the Records of Cesar Batalla et. al. v. Wheelabrator Environmental Systems, Bridgeport Resco et. al. July 2022

**Descriptive Summary** 

**Creator:** [org], City of Bridgeport

**Title:** Records of Cesar Batalla et. al. v. Wheelabrator Environmental

**Dates:** 1985-1993 [bulk 1992] **Quantity:** 2.5 linear feet

**Abstract:** The records of Cesar Batalla et. al. v. Wheelabrator Environmental Systems, Bridgeport Resco et. al. serve as a small portion of the illegal dumpsite in Bridgeport that was known as Mount Trashmore. Located at 329 Central Avenue in the city's East End, the massive eyesore and environmental hazard began in the 1980s. After the City of Bridgeport began clean up in the fall 1992, the choice of disposal by incineration became a massive concern to those who had worked hard to be rid of the trash heap. They filed a lawsuit to advocate for a better, safer method of disposal. The material in the collection documents the suit and includes material turned over in discovery that includes key parts of the Trashmore paper trail, as well as video footage of Mt. Trashmore's removal.

Language: English

**Repository:** Bridgeport History Center

# **Administrative History:**

The records of Cesar Batalla et. al. v. Wheelabrator Environmental Systems, Bridgeport Resco et. al. serve as a small portion of the illegal dumpsite in Bridgeport that was known as Mount Trashmore. Located at 329 Central Avenue in the city's East End, the massive eyesore and environmental hazard began in the 1980s.

The site began under the auspices of Connecticut Building Wrecking, a demolition company owned by Geno and Russell Capoziello. They claimed in later lawsuits that they began to dump on their private property at 329 Central Avenue due to newly enacted environmental restrictions that made it more difficult to dispose of certain types garbage. After trash began to appear on the lot, residents of Bridgeport began to use it for dumping too. While some of this site's use came from a failure to appropriately plan for waste management (Bridgeport's landfill closed in 1987), it is worth mentioning that the East End is home to large Black and Latino communities. There was likely the assumption at play that dumping in the East End would not invite consequence. It did not for some time, functioning as an example of environmental racism.

Besides simply being an very large pile of garbage, Mount Trashmore posed extreme health risks. It was a haven for rats and over time, the material present in the pile would spontaneously combust. The smell of decomposing trash, unsafe heavy metals, and the City of Bridgeport's failure close the site down was not helped by the City itself *contracting with the Capoziellos*, who were able to

underbid many competitors because of their low dumping fees.

Protests of the site began in 1988. Pastor Vernon Thompson of the East End Tabernacle Church was a key player early on, in no small part because his church was close to the trash pile. Community groups became involved quickly. A full history of the community organizing that helped to dismantle the heap may be found in Britney Murphy's article "The Fall of Mount Trashmore and the Rise of Community Activism: Environmental Justice and the Politics of Inclusion, Bridgeport, Connecticut (1991-Present)" in *Connecticut History Review*, Fall 2018. These protests hit critical mass in 1991, around the same time the City of Bridgeport filed for chapter 9 bankruptcy. Rev. Thompson invited Rev. Jesse Jackson to the city, resulting in the Connecticut March to Rebuild America. The march inspired the creation of the local Coalition to Rebuild Bridgeport, whose members included Thompson as well as Julian Braxton, Cesar Batalla, and George Lenx, among others. They used confrontational and attention-grabbing tactics to try and force action from the City and the State of Connecticut, up to and including dumping garbage from Mount Trashmore in front of the state capitol in Hartford. Future mayor Joe Ganim supported the organization.

Eventually, the Capozziellos were brought to court and found guilty for illegal dumping. Unfortunately, the State of Connecticut and City of Bridgeport could not agree on who was responsible for funding and enacting the cleanup. Eventually, both sides agreed to pay some portion of the cleanup, with the city responsible for finding an appropriate disposal method.

Removal steps began in 1992, the year Mayor Joe Ganim came into office. The decisions he made regarding disposal method are why the lawsuit at the heart of BHC-MSS 0234 was brought.

Lodged by Cesar Batalla, Rosalyn Blanding, Julian Braxton, Ann Dougherty, Bill Garrett, Joseph Gerics, Brian Hariskevich, Diana Kapitan, Annette Mathews, Thelma Perkins, and Barbara Radzvilla, and brought by attorney Debbie A. Spivak, the suit alleged that Mayor Ganim and Governor Weicker knew that on September 25, 1992, there were high levels of lead, cadmium, and chromium in the pile and leaking into the Long Island Sound. They proceeded to incinerate garbage in Mount Trashmore regardless. Therefore, it was appropriate to sue and demand an immediate stay of action under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liabilities Act (CERCLA), Clean Water Act (CWA), and Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

The suit argued that community health in the East End would be made worse from incinerating toxic and hazardous materials at the site and that the concerns were being ignored at the local and state levels. Citizen commissions requested lab samples in August 1992 out of concern for what materials were in the pile. The testing found not only the previously mentioned lead and cadmium, but also asbestos, mercury, and other hazardous chemicals and heavy metal. There were even some that were in specifically labeled 55-gallon barrels, including sodium hydroxide. The state was also failing to pursue violations.

Unfortunately, the suit failed, and the incineration of Mount Trashmore concluded in early January 1993. The lawsuit was withdrawn in May of 1993.

#### **Bibliography**

Murphy, Britney. "The Fall of Mount Trashmore and the Rise of Community Activism: Environmental Justice and the Politics of Inclusion, Bridgeport, Connecticut (1991–Present)" *Connecticut History Review* (2018) 57 (2): 154–179.

# https://doi.org/10.5406/connhistrevi.57.2.0154

Murphy, Britney. Mount Trashmore (part of the Bridgeport History Center Grassroots Historians series), May 2017. <a href="http://hdl.handle.net/11134/110002:19386">http://hdl.handle.net/11134/110002:19386</a>

# **Scope and Content note:**

Material within the collection relates solely to the lawsuit brought against Wheelabrator, Bridgeport RESCO, Governor Lowel P. Weicker Jr., and Mayor Ganim. It includes not only various court documents, but also exhibits from evidence, the notes of attorney Debbie A. Spivak, material from the discovery phase of the suit including analysis of material from Mount Trashmore as well as photographs, affidavits, expert resumes, and background research.

#### **Arrangement note:**

The collection features six series, roughly meant to lay out a timeline of the lawsuit from filing to withdrawal.

The first series contains filings, motions, and proceedings. Subseries 1 contains the final version of these documents, arranged in chronological order. Subseries 2 contains drafts and notes related to these filings and legal strategy therein.

Series II, Discovery, is arranged into three subseries. The first is requests and subpoenas, which include list of documents that Debbie Spivak requested as the attorney on the case. The lists therein inform the documents that are included in subseries 2, documents turned over in discovery. Relying on the requests listed in the documents of subseries 1, the material is arranged chronologically. On occasion, it is unclear if one document or another was referred to in the request or subpoena. To ensure accuracy, all potential versions have been included. Subseries 3, additional documents, were possibly requested or possibly evidence. It is unclear.

Series III contains material not listed in the discovery documents, and as such is referred to as evidence. The general subseries contains corporate backgrounds, texts of laws, and photographs taken at Mt. Trashmore. Subseries 2 contains a chronological list of laboratory analysis related to Mt. Trashmore. Subseries 3, test case of exhibits, contains material found in an expandable file folder labeled "Test #1." Kept in original order, this was likely an experimental run through of how to present exhibits.

Series IV, Exhibits, contains the contents of an expandable file folder labeled "Exhibits Plaintiff's table" with the original order maintained. An appendix is also in this section, with a list of potential exhibits included at the end.

Series V, attorney notes, contains the notes of Debbie Spivak in subseries 1 and Stephen Hume in subseries 2. Spivak's notes were on various yellow legal pads. Each folder represents one pad. They are undated, and include notes on various parts of the case.

The final series related to the Coalition to Rebuild Bridgeport. This includes notes, newspaper clippings, photographs of an event, and most notably, a video tape that documents the work done on Mt. Trashmore from October 1992 to January of 1993. The tape has been digitized and is available online.

#### Administrative information:

**Provenance:** Material was removed from the defunct Connecticut Conservation Association

(CCA)'s offices located at 3010 Fairfield Ave. in Bridgeport by Peter Spain. The CCA was contacted prior to removal, but the organization never responded, effectively abandoning the material at the office. Spain then transferred the material to the Bridgeport History Center.

#### **Preferred Citation:**

Records of (BHC-MSS 0234), Bridgeport History Center, Bridgeport Public Library.

# **Names and Subject Tracings**

Personal names

Batalla, Cesar

Blanding, Rosalyn

Braxton, Julian

Dougherty, Ann

Garrett, Bill

Gerics, Joseph

Hariskevich, Brian

Kapitan, Diana

Mathews, Annette

Perkins, Thelma

Radzvilla, Barbara

Ganim, Joseph

Weicker Jr., Lowell P.

Spivak, Debbie

Nessen, Joshua

# Corporate Names

City of Bridgeport

Wheelabrator Technologies Inc.

State of Connecticut. Department of Environmental Protection

# Subject tracings

Environmental justice

Racism in public welfare

Mount Trashmore (Bridgeport, Conn.)

# **Detailed box/folder listing**

Series I, Filings, motions, and proceedings Subseries 1, Official filings

#### Box 1

- 1. Complaint, jury trial demanded, Nov. 2, 1992
- 2. Appendix A of exhibits to plaintiffs' complaint and memorandum of law, Nov. 11, 1992
- 3. Notice of intent to serve, Nov. 19, 1992
- 4. Verified complaint for injunctive relief and costs, Nov. 23-25, 1992
- 5. Order to show cause and temporary restraining order, Nov. 25, 1992
- 6. Verified complaint and request for temporary restraining order, Nov. 25, 1992

- 7. Amended complaint, Dec. 20, 1992
- 8. Client consent, rule 26, Dec. 1992
- 9. Order to show cause signed by judge, Dec. 30, 1992
- 10. Memo with complaint, 1992
- 11. Answers of defendants, Jan 4., 1993
- 12. Plaintiffs request for production under 34, Mar. 3, 1993
- 13. Motion for withdrawal, May 20, 1993

#### Subseries 2, Drafts

- 14. Drafts of brief, Nov. 1992
- 15. Drafts of complaint, Nov.-Dec. 1992
- 16. Drafts, 1992-1993
- 17. Drafts, 1992-1993

# Series 2, Discovery

# Subseries 1, Requests and subpoenas

- 18. Discovery, general, 1992
- 19. Discovery memos to defense council, Dec. 31, 1992
- 20. Subpoena duce tacums, c. 1992
- 21. Subpoenas, 1993
- 22. Affidavit of Timothy Callahan, 1992
- 23. Paul Connect exam (cross, redirect), undated
- 24. Affidavit, Marco Kaltofen, 1992
- 25. Garret, Bill, undated

#### Subseries 2, Documents turned over in discovery

- 26. Application to the Connecticut Sitting Council Bridgeport Resco Project, April, 1985
- 27. Application to the Connecticut Sitting Council Bridgeport Resco Project, April, 1985
- 28. Agreements with CRRA, April 1985
- 29. Municipal solid waste management service agreement draft, August 1985
- 30. CRRA contract with Bridgeport Resco, Nov. 15, 1985
- 31. CRRA contract with Bridgeport Resco, Nov. 15, 1985
- 32. CRRA's bonding statement, Dec. 1985
- 33. CRRA's bonding statement, Dec. 1985
- 34. Resco permits, 1985-1998
- 35. Resco-DEP operational, 1985-1992
- 36. Alex memo to DEP/Resco's ownership, May 1988; Dec. 1992
- 37. Resco continuing emission monitoring, 1989-1991
- 38. State trial brief vs. Connecticut Building Wrecking Co., August 1991
- 39. Pregnan memos of 1991 when D'addario prepared to take Mt. Trashmore, Oct. 1991
- 40. EPA report, Nov. 1991

#### Box 2

1. EPA report, Nov. 1991

- 2. EPA report, Nov. 1991
- 3. Wintergreen landfill, Hamden, 1991
- 4. DEP-Resco inspection, 1991-1992
- 5. State-City agreement, Jan-Sept 1992
- 6. State-City agreement January and July exhibit B, 1992
- 7. State-City agreement January and July CRRA insurance, 1992
- 8. Wheelabrator memorandum of understanding August 1992
- 9. Sampling analysis by state, Sept. 30, 1992
- 10. D and L Enterprises contract with city, Oct. 12, 1992
- 11. D and L Enterprises contract with city, Oct. 12, 1992
- 12. DEP press release on Mt. Trashmore, Oct. 26, 1992
- 13. DEP memos, Oct.-Dec. 1992
- 14. State's taking of 329 Central Av. statement of compensation, Nov. 16, 1992
- 15. NVHD summary of CRRA landfill, Nov. 19, 1992
- 16. Resco-Air Quality Impact Analysis, undated

# Subseries 3, Additional material

- 17. From Dunbar's files, 1989-1991
- 18. From Larson's files, 1992

#### Series 3, Evidence

### Subseries 1, General

- 19. Dague v, City of Burlington, 1991
- 20. Handouts, 1992
- 21. Research, 1992
- 22. CERCLA, 1992
- 23. Corporate records, defendants, 1992
- 24. Wheelabrator corporate backgrounds, 1992
- 25. Photographs of Mt. Trashmore/329 Central Ave., Nov. 19, 1992
- 26. Photographs of Mt. Trashmore/329 Central Ave., Nov. 19, 1992

#### Subseries 2, Laboratory analysis

- 27. Report for CRB from Citizen's Environmental Laboratory, Jan. 4, 1992
- 28. Voltare Technologies INc. site inspection, April 1992
- 29. Energy and environmental engineering data, 1992
- 30. Notes re: lab data, 1992

### Subseries 3, Test of exhibits

- 31. Test #1 Marco Kaltofen affidavit memo, Alex T. Covell memo to DEP re: Resco's ownership, 1988; 1992
- 32. Test #1 Affidavit of Timothy J. Callahan, 1992
- 33. Test #1 Affidavit of Joshua Nessen, 1992
- 34. Test #1 Affidavit, Marco Kaltofen, 1992
- 35. Test #1 Clap and Ozonoff resume, 1992
- 36. Test #1 Crystal springs data, 1992

#### Series 4 - Exhibits

- 37. Appendix of Exhibits, 1992
- 38. Plaintiff's table general, 1991-1992
- 39. Plaintiff's table DEP press releases, Oct. 26, 1992
- 40. Plaintiff's table EPA report, 1991
- 41. Plaintiff's table Marco Kaltofen memo to Josh Nessen, 1992
- 42. Plaintiff's table Ozonoff resume, Dec. 1992
- 43. Plaintiff's table Table, Clapp resume, 1992
- 44. Plaintiff's table Affidavit of Timothy J. Callahan, 1992
- 45. Plaintiff's table D and L enterprises contract with the city, 1992
- 46. Plaintiff's table Covino environmental consultant, 1992
- 47. Plaintiff's table CT air quality summary [empty], 1992
- 48. Plaintiff's table Exhibit B, state-city agreement, 1992
- 49. Plaintiff's table Resco's insurance certificate, agreement with D and L, 1992
- 50. Plaintiff's table City payments under D and L agreement, 1992
- 51. Plaintiff's table Expert resumes (plaintiffs), 1992
- 52. Plaintiff's table Air monitoring data, Resco's, Oct. 1992
- 53. Plaintiff's table D'Addario Industries, 199101992
- 54. Plaintiff's table Permits, Resco, 1989
- 55. Plaintiff's table Site location map, 1991
- 56. Plaintiff's table EPA report summary, 1991-1992
- 57. Plaintiff's table Affidavit of Diane L. Weathers, 1992
- 58. Plaintiff's table Crystal Springs data, Blue Barrels, 1992
- 59. Plaintiff's table Affidavit of Joshua Nessen, 1992
- 60. Plaintiff's table Carmine DiBattista, 1992
- 61. Potential exhibits, 1992

## Series 6 - Coalition to Rebuild BRidgeport

- 62. Clippings, 1992
- 63. Coalition notes, 1992
- 64. Coalition notes, 1992
- 65. Photographs, unidentified event

Tape box #9, tape 12# - Removal of Mt. Trashmore, October 1992-Jan. 1993, digitized

# Box 3 Series V, Attorney notes Subseries 1, Debbie Spivak

- 1. Correspondence, 1992-1993
- 2. Notes, 1992-1993
- 3. Notes, 1992-1993
- 4. Notes, 1992-1993
- 5. Notes, 1992-1993
- 6. Notes, 1992-1993

- 7. Notes, 1992-1993
- 8. Notes, 1992-1993
- 9. Notes, 1992-1993
- 10. Notes, 1992-1993
- 11. Notes, 1992-1993
- 12. Notes, 1992-1993
- 13. Notes, 1992-1993

# Subseries 2, Stephen Humes

- 14. DEP-EPA reports and tests, 1991-1993
- 15. Waste rejected from Mt. Trashmore, 1992
- 16. Notes, 1992-1993
- 17. Notes, 1992-1993
- 18. Billing, 1993
- 19. Correspondence with attorney general, 1993 April